## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

## Listing Of Claims:

- (Currently Amended) A method of servicing a wellbore in contact with a subterranean
  formation, comprising: displacing a sealant composition comprising a colloidally stabilized latex
  into the wellbore, wherein the sealant composition does not comprise an epoxy resin or zinc
  oxide, wherein the colloidally stabilized latex comprises a polymer, and wherein the polymer
  comprises an ethylenically unsaturated surfactant, a functionalized silane, or combinations
  thereof.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the colloidally stabilized latex comprises:
  - (a) an aliphatic conjugated diene monomer;
- (b) an additional monomer comprising a non-aromatic unsaturated mono- or dicarboxylic ester monomer, an aromatic unsaturated monomer, a nitrogen-containing monomer, or combinations thereof; and
  - (c) a protective colloid.
- (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the protective colloid comprises
  polyvinylalcohol, a cellulose ether, a natural gum, a synthetic gum, polyacrylic acid, an acrylate,
  a poly(vinyl alcohol)co(vinyl amine) copolymer, or combinations thereof.
- 4. (Canceled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of elnim-2 claim 1, wherein the colloidally stabilized latex comprises an oxyalkylene functional monomer comprising

a 
$$H_2C = C(R)C - O - (CH_2 - CH - O)_n - R^n$$
,

a  $OH - CH - CH - CH - O - (CH_2 - CH - O)_n - R^n$ 

a monoester of mono- or di- carboxylic acid, a diester of dicarboxylic acid, or combinations thereof, wherein R is hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, R' is hydrogen or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and n is in a range of from 1 to 30, and wherein the oxyalkylene functional monomer copolymerizes with the aliphatic conjugated diene monomer and the additional monomer.

(Currently Amended) The method of elaim 2 claim 1, wherein the eolloidally stabilized latex comprises a functionalized silane [[is]] generally represented by:

1

R(CH<sub>2</sub>),Si(OR'),

wherein R" is a  $C_1$  to  $C_5$  alkyl, R' is a  $C_1$  to  $C_5$  alkyl, R is SH,  $CH_2$ =CH-,  $CH_2$ = $C(CH_3)$ -C(O)O-,  $CH_2$ =CH-C(O)O-, or

n is in a range of from 1 to 10, and m is 2 or 3.

- 7. (Canceled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of elaim <u>36</u>, wherein the salt comprises a monovalent ion, a divalent ion, or combinations thereof.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sealant composition comprises salt.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sealant composition comprises fibers, beads, or combinations thereof.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the sealant composition comprises a cement slurry.
- (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the sealant composition is displaced into an annulus of the wellbore and allowed to set.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim I, wherein the scalant composition is positioned in the wellbore to isolate the subterranean formation from a portion of the wellbore, to support a conduit in the wellbore, to plug a void or crack in the conduit, to plug a void or crack in a cement sheath disposed in an annulus of the wellbore, to plug an opening between the cement sheath and the conduit, or combinations thereof.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the colloidally stabilized latex comprises a vulcanizable group, a vulcanizing agent, a vulcanization accelerator, a vulcanization retarder, or combinations thereof.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the colloidally stabilized latex comprises a crosslinkable monomer, an acidic catalyst, a thermosetting resin, or combinations thereof.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising combining a drilling fluid with the scalant composition near a loss-circulation zone, thereby forming a solid mass in the losscirculation zone.
- 17-35 (Canceled).
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the collodially stabilized latex remains substantially stable in the presence of salt.